

BUSINESS INCOME (WITHOUT EXTRA EXPENSE) COVERAGE FORM

Various provisions in this policy restrict coverage. Read the entire policy carefully to determine rights, duties and what is and is not covered.

Throughout this policy the words "you" and "your" refer to the Named Insured shown in the Declarations. The words "we", "us" and "our" refer to the Company providing this insurance.

Other words and phrases that appear in quotation marks have special meaning. Refer to SECTION G – DEFINITIONS.

A. COVERAGE

Coverage is provided as described below for one or more of the following options for which a Limit of Insurance is shown in the Declarations:

- (i) Business Income including "Rental Value".
- (ii) Business Income other than "Rental Value".
- (iii) "Rental Value".

If option (i) above is selected, the term Business Income will include "Rental Value". If option (iii) above is selected, the term Business Income will mean "Rental Value" only.

If Limits of Insurance are shown under more than one of the above options, the provisions of this Coverage Part apply separately to each.

We will pay for the actual loss of Business Income you sustain due to the necessary suspension of your "operations" during the "period of restoration". The suspension must be caused by direct physical loss of or damage to property, including personal property in the open (or in a vehicle) within 100 feet, at premises which are described in the Declarations and for which a Business Income Limit of Insurance is shown in the Declarations. The loss or damage must be caused by or result from a Covered Cause of Loss.

If you are a tenant, your premises is the portion of the building which you rent, lease or occupy, including:

- (i) All routes within the building to gain access to the described premises; and
- (ii) Your personal property in the open (or in a vehicle) within 100 feet.

1. Business Income

Business Income means the:

- a. Net Income (Net Profit or Loss before income taxes) that would have been earned or incurred; and
- b. Continuing normal operating expenses incurred, including payroll.

2. Covered Causes of Loss

See applicable Causes of Loss Form as shown in the Declarations.

3. Additional Coverages

a. Expenses to Reduce Loss

In the event of a covered loss of Business Income, we will pay necessary expenses you incur, except the cost of extinguishing a fire, to avoid further loss of Business Income. The total of our payment for Business Income loss and Expenses to Reduce Loss will not be more than the Business Income loss that would have been payable under this Coverage Form (after application of any Coinsurance penalty) if the Expenses to Reduce Loss had not been incurred. This coverage does not increase the Limit of Insurance.

The Coinsurance condition does not apply specifically to such Expenses to Reduce Loss, but it is used as described above to determine the total amount payable.

b. Civil Authority

We will pay for the actual loss of Business Income you sustain caused by action of civil authority that prohibits access to the described premises due to direct physical loss of or damage to property, other than at the described premises, caused by or resulting from any Covered Cause of Loss. This coverage begins 72 hours after the time of that action, and will apply for a period of up to three consecutive weeks from the date on which the coverage begins.

c. Alterations and New Buildings

We will pay for the actual loss of Business Income you sustain due to direct physical loss or damage at the described premises caused by or resulting from any Covered Cause of Loss to:

- (1) New buildings or structures, whether complete or under construction;
- (2) Alterations or additions to existing buildings or structures; and
- (3) Machinery, equipment, supplies or building materials located on or within 100 feet of the described premises and:
 - (a) Used in the construction, alterations or additions; or
 - (b) Incidental to the occupancy of new buildings.

If such direct physical loss or damage delays the start of "operations", the "period of restoration" will begin on the date "operations" would have begun if the direct physical loss or damage had not occurred.

d. Extended Business Income

- (1) Business Income Other Than "Rental Value"

If the necessary suspension of your "operations" produces a Business Income loss payable under this policy, we will pay for the actual loss of Business Income you incur during the period that:

- (a) Begins on the date property (except "finished stock") is actually repaired, rebuilt or replaced and "operations" are resumed; and

- (b) Ends on the earlier of:

- (i) The date you could restore your "operations", with reasonable speed, to the level which would generate the business income amount that would have existed if no direct physical loss or damage had occurred; or
- (ii) 30 consecutive days after the date determined in (1)(a) above.

However, Extended Business Income does not apply to loss of Business Income incurred as a result of unfavorable business conditions caused by the impact of the Covered Cause of Loss in the area where the described premises are located.

Loss of Business Income must be caused by direct physical loss or damage at the described premises caused by or resulting from any Covered Cause of Loss.

- (2) "Rental Value"

If the necessary suspension of your "operations" produces a "Rental Value" loss payable under this policy, we will pay for the actual loss of "Rental Value" you incur during the period that:

- (a) Begins on the date property is actually repaired, rebuilt or replaced and tenantability is restored; and
- (b) Ends on the earlier of:
 - (i) The date you could restore tenant occupancy, with reasonable speed, to the level which would generate the "Rental Value" that would have existed if no direct physical loss or damage had occurred; or
 - (ii) 30 consecutive days after the date determined in (2)(a) above.

However, Extended Business Income does not apply to loss of "Rental Value" incurred as a result of unfavorable business conditions caused by the impact of the Covered Cause of Loss in the area where the described premises are located.

Loss of "Rental Value" must be caused by direct physical loss or damage at the described premises caused by or resulting from any Covered Cause of Loss.

4. Coverage Extension

If a Coinsurance percentage of 50% or more is shown in the Declarations, you may extend the insurance provided by this Coverage Part as follows:

Newly Acquired Locations

- a. You may extend your Business Income Coverage to apply to property at any location you acquire other than fairs or exhibitions.
- b. The most we will pay for loss under this Extension is \$100,000 at each location.
- c. Insurance under this Extension for each newly acquired location will end when any of the following first occurs:
 - (1) This policy expires;
 - (2) 30 days expire after you acquire or begin to construct the property; or
 - (3) You report values to us.

We will charge you additional premium for values reported from the date you acquire the property.

This Extension is additional insurance. The Additional Condition, Coinsurance, does not apply to this Extension.

B. EXCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS

See applicable Causes of Loss Form as shown in the Declarations.

C. LIMITS OF INSURANCE

The most we will pay for loss in any one occurrence is the applicable Limit of Insurance shown in the Declarations.

The limit applicable to the Coverage Extension is in addition to the Limit of Insurance.

Payments under the following Additional Coverages will not increase the applicable Limit of Insurance:

1. Alterations and New Buildings;
2. Civil Authority;
3. Extended Business Income;
4. Expenses to Reduce Loss.

D. LOSS CONDITIONS

The following conditions apply in addition to the Common Policy Conditions and the Commercial Property Conditions.

1. Appraisal

If we and you disagree on the amount of Net Income and operating expense or the amount of loss, either may make written demand for an appraisal of the loss. In this event, each party will select a competent and impartial appraiser.

The two appraisers will select an umpire. If they cannot agree, either may request that selection be made by a judge of a court having jurisdiction. The appraisers will state separately the amount of Net Income and operating expense or amount of loss. If they fail to agree, they will submit their differences to the umpire. A decision agreed to by any two will be binding. Each party will:

- a. Pay its chosen appraiser; and
- b. Bear the other expenses of the appraisal and umpire equally.

If there is an appraisal, we will still retain our right to deny the claim.

2. Duties In The Event Of Loss

- a. You must see that the following are done in the event of loss:
 - (1) Notify the police if a law may have been broken.
 - (2) Give us prompt notice of the direct physical loss or damage. Include a description of the property involved.
 - (3) As soon as possible, give us a description of how, when, and where the direct physical loss or damage occurred.
 - (4) Take all reasonable steps to protect the Covered Property from further damage, and keep a record of your expenses necessary to protect the Covered Property, for consideration in the settlement of the claim. This will not increase the Limit of Insurance. However, we will not pay for any subsequent loss or damage resulting from a cause of loss that is not a Covered Cause of Loss. Also, if feasible, set the damaged property aside and in the best possible order for examination.

- (5) As often as may be reasonably required, permit us to inspect the property proving the loss or damage and examine your books and records.

Also permit us to take samples of damaged and undamaged property for inspection, testing and analysis, and permit us to make copies from your books and records.

- (6) Send us a signed, sworn proof of loss containing the information we request to investigate the claim. You must do this within 60 days after our request. We will supply you with the necessary forms.
- (7) Cooperate with us in the investigation or settlement of the claim.
- (8) If you intend to continue your business, you must resume all or part of your "operations" as quickly as possible.
- b. We may examine any insured under oath, while not in the presence of any other insured and at such times as may be reasonably required, about any matter relating to this insurance or the claim, including an insured's books and records. In the event of an examination, an insured's answers must be signed.

3. Limitation – Electronic Media And Records

We will not pay for any loss of Business Income caused by direct physical loss of or damage to Electronic Media and Records after the longer of:

- a. 60 consecutive days from the date of direct physical loss or damage; or
- b. The period, beginning with the date of direct physical loss or damage, necessary to repair, rebuild or replace, with reasonable speed and similar quality, other property at the described premises due to loss or damage caused by the same occurrence.

Electronic Media and Records are:

- (1) Electronic data processing, recording or storage media such as films, tapes, discs, drums or cells;
- (2) Data stored on such media; or
- (3) Programming records used for electronic data processing or electronically controlled equipment.

Example No. 1:

A Covered Cause of Loss damages a computer on June 1. It takes until September 1 to replace the computer, and until October 1 to restore the data that was lost when the damage occurred. We will only pay for the Business Income loss sustained during the period June 1 – September 1. Loss during the period September 2 – October 1 is not covered.

Example No. 2:

A Covered Cause of Loss results in the loss of data processing programming records on August 1. The records are replaced on October 15. We will only pay for the Business Income loss sustained during the period August 1 – September 29 (60 consecutive days). Loss during the period September 30 – October 15 is not covered.

4. Loss Determination

- a. The amount of Business Income loss will be determined based on:
- (1) The Net Income of the business before the direct physical loss or damage occurred;
- (2) The likely Net Income of the business if no physical loss or damage had occurred, but not including any Net Income that would likely have been earned as a result of an increase in the volume of business due to favorable business conditions caused by the impact of the Covered Cause of Loss on customers or on other businesses;
- (3) The operating expenses, including payroll expenses, necessary to resume "operations" with the same quality of service that existed just before the direct physical loss or damage; and
- (4) Other relevant sources of information, including:
- (a) Your financial records and accounting procedures;
- (b) Bills, invoices and other vouchers; and
- (c) Deeds, liens or contracts.

b. Resumption of Operations

We will reduce the amount of your Business Income loss to the extent you can resume your "operations", in whole or in part, by using damaged or undamaged property (including merchandise or stock) at the described premises or elsewhere.

- c. If you do not resume "operations", or do not resume "operations" as quickly as possible, we will pay based on the length of time it would have taken to resume "operations" as quickly as possible.

5. Loss Payment

We will pay for covered loss within 30 days after we receive the sworn proof of loss, if you have complied with all of the terms of this Coverage Part and:

- a. We have reached agreement with you on the amount of loss; or
b. An appraisal award has been made.

E. ADDITIONAL CONDITION

Coinsurance

If a Coinsurance percentage is shown in the Declarations, the following condition applies in addition to the Common Policy Conditions and the Commercial Property Conditions.

We will not pay the full amount of any loss if the Limit of Insurance for Business Income is less than:

- a. The Coinsurance percentage shown for Business Income in the Declarations; times
b. The sum of:
(1) The Net Income (Net Profit or Loss before income taxes), and
(2) Operating expenses, including payroll expenses,

that would have been earned or incurred (had no loss occurred) by your "operations" at the described premises for the 12 months following the inception, or last previous anniversary date, of this policy (whichever is later).

Instead, we will determine the most we will pay using the following steps:

1. Multiply the Net Income and operating expense for the 12 months following the inception, or last previous anniversary date, of this policy by the Coinsurance percentage;
2. Divide the Limit of Insurance for the described premises by the figure determined in Step 1; and
3. Multiply the total amount of loss by the figure determined in Step 2.

We will pay the amount determined in Step 3 or the limit of insurance, whichever is less. For the remainder, you will either have to rely on other insurance or absorb the loss yourself.

In determining operating expenses for the purpose of applying the Coinsurance condition, the following expenses, if applicable, shall be deducted from the total of all operating expenses:

1. Prepaid freight – outgoing;
2. Returns and allowances;
3. Discounts;
4. Bad debts;
5. Collection expenses;
6. Cost of raw stock and factory supplies consumed (including transportation charges);
7. Cost of merchandise sold (including transportation charges);
8. Cost of other supplies consumed (including transportation charges);
9. Cost of services purchased from outsiders (not employees) to resell, that do not continue under contract;
10. Power, heat and refrigeration expenses that do not continue under contract (if form **CP 15 11** is attached);
11. All ordinary payroll expenses or the amount of payroll expense excluded (if form **CP 15 10** is attached); and
12. Special deductions for mining properties (royalties unless specifically included in coverage; actual depletion commonly known as unit or cost depletion – not percentage depletion; welfare and retirement fund charges based on tonnage; hired trucks).

Example No. 1 (Underinsurance):

When: The Net Income and operating expenses for the 12 months following the inception, or last previous anniversary date, of this policy at the described premises would have been \$400,000

The Coinsurance percentage is 50%

The Limit of Insurance is \$150,000

The amount of loss is \$ 80,000

Step 1: $\$400,000 \times 50\% = \$200,000$ (the minimum amount of insurance to meet your Coinsurance requirements)

Step 2: $\$150,000 \div \$200,000 = .75$

Step 3: $\$80,000 \times .75 = \$60,000$

We will pay no more than \$60,000. The remaining \$20,000 is not covered.

Example No. 2 (Adequate Insurance):

When: The Net Income and operating expenses for the 12 months following the inception, or last previous anniversary date, of this policy at the described premises would have been \$400,000

The Coinsurance percentage is 50%

The Limit of Insurance is \$200,000

The amount of loss is \$ 80,000

The minimum amount of insurance to meet your Coinsurance requirement is \$200,000 ($\$400,000 \times 50\%$). Therefore, the Limit of Insurance in this Example is adequate and no penalty applies. We will pay no more than \$80,000 (amount of loss).

F. OPTIONAL COVERAGES

If shown in the Declarations, the following Optional Coverages apply separately to each item.

1. Maximum Period Of Indemnity

- a. The Additional Condition, Coinsurance, does not apply to this Coverage Form at the described premises to which this Optional Coverage applies.
- b. The most we will pay for loss of Business Income is the lesser of:
 - (1) The amount of loss sustained during the 120 days immediately following the beginning of the "period of restoration"; or
 - (2) The Limit of Insurance shown in the Declarations.

2. Monthly Limit Of Indemnity

- a. The Additional Condition, Coinsurance, does not apply to this Coverage Form at the described premises to which this Optional Coverage applies.
- b. The most we will pay for loss of Business Income in each period of 30 consecutive days after the beginning of the "period of restoration" is:
 - (1) The Limit of Insurance, multiplied by
 - (2) The fraction shown in the Declarations for this Optional Coverage.

Example: The Limit of Insurance is \$120,000

When: The fraction shown in the Declarations for this Optional Coverage is 1/4

The most we will pay for loss in each period of 30 consecutive days is:

$\$120,000 \times 1/4 = \$30,000$

If, in this example, the actual amount of loss is:

Days 1-30	\$40,000
Days 31-60	20,000
Days 61-90	<u>30,000</u>
	\$90,000

We will pay:

Days 1-30	\$30,000
Days 31-60	20,000
Days 61-90	<u>30,000</u>
	\$80,000

The remaining \$10,000 is not covered.

3. Business Income Agreed Value

- a. To activate this Optional Coverage:
 - (1) A Business Income Report/Work Sheet must be submitted to us and must show financial data for your "operations":
 - (a) During the 12 months prior to the date of the Work Sheet; and
 - (b) Estimated for the 12 months immediately following the inception of this Optional Coverage.

(2) The Declarations must indicate that the Business Income Agreed Value Optional Coverage applies, and an Agreed Value must be shown in the Declarations. The Agreed Value should be at least equal to:

- (a) The Coinsurance percentage shown in the Declarations; multiplied by
- (b) The amount of Net Income and operating expenses for the following 12 months you report on the Work Sheet.

b. The Additional Condition, Coinsurance, is suspended until:

- (1) 12 months after the effective date of this Optional Coverage; or
- (2) The expiration date of this policy; whichever occurs first.

c. We will reinstate the Additional Condition, Coinsurance, automatically if you do not submit a new Work Sheet and Agreed Value:

- (1) Within 12 months of the effective date of this Optional Coverage; or
- (2) When you request a change in your Business Income Limit of Insurance.

d. If the Business Income Limit of Insurance is less than the Agreed Value, we will not pay more of any loss than the amount of loss multiplied by:

- (1) The Business Income Limit of Insurance; divided by
- (2) The Agreed Value.

Example: The Limit of Insurance is \$100,000
When: The Agreed Value is \$200,000
The amount of loss is \$80,000

Step (a): $\$100,000 \div \$200,000 = .50$

Step (b): $.50 \times \$80,000 = \$40,000$

We will pay \$40,000. The remaining \$40,000 is not covered.

4. Extended Period Of Indemnity

Under paragraph A.3.d., Extended Business Income, the number "30" in subparagraph (2)(b) is replaced by the number shown in the Declarations for this Optional Coverage.

G. DEFINITIONS

1. **"Finished Stock"** means stock you have manufactured.

"Finished stock" also includes whiskey and alcoholic products being aged, unless there is a Coinsurance percentage shown for Business Income in the Declarations.

"Finished stock" does not include stock you have manufactured that is held for sale on the premises of any retail outlet insured under this Coverage Part.

2. **"Operations"** means:

- a. Your business activities occurring at the described premises; and
- b. The tenantability of the described premises, if coverage for Business Income including "Rental Value" or "Rental Value" applies.

3. **"Period of Restoration"** means the period of time that:

- a. Begins 72 hours after the time of direct physical loss or damage caused by or resulting from any Covered Cause of Loss at the described premises; and
- b. Ends on the earlier of:
 - (1) The date when the property at the described premises should be repaired, rebuilt or replaced with reasonable speed and similar quality; or
 - (2) The date when business is resumed at a new permanent location.

"Period of restoration" does not include any increased period required due to the enforcement of any ordinance or law that:

- (1) Regulates the construction, use or repair, or requires the tearing down of any property; or
- (2) Requires any insured or others to test for, monitor, clean up, remove, contain, treat, detoxify or neutralize, or in any way respond to, or assess the effects of "pollutants".

The expiration date of this policy will not cut short the "period of restoration".

4. **"Pollutants"** means any solid, liquid, gaseous or thermal irritant or contaminant, including smoke, vapor, soot, fumes, acids, alkalis, chemicals and waste. Waste includes materials to be recycled, reconditioned or reclaimed.
5. **"Rental Value"** means the:
- a. Total anticipated rental income from tenant occupancy of the premises described in the Declarations as furnished and equipped by you, and
 - b. Amount of all charges which are the legal obligation of the tenant(s) and which would otherwise be your obligations, and
 - c. Fair rental value of any portion of the described premises which is occupied by you.